# Goulburn Broken Catchment Management Authority Overview



## December 2018

1. Agricultural Floodplains

2. Productive Plains

4. Commuting Hills

5. Southern Forests

6. Urban Centres

3. Upland Slopes

#### Who are we?

The Goulburn Broken CMA works with communities and government agencies to manage activities to protect and improve the Catchment's land, water and biodiversity. This work is guided by the Goulburn Broken Regional Catchment Strategy (RCS).

The current RCS emphasises building resilience in our biodiversity, land, water and people. It recognises that the Catchment's communities fall within six broad geographical areas or socio-ecological systems (see map), which share environmental, economic and social characteristics.

Goulburn Broken CMA staff support individuals, groups and communities in each of these regions to identify and deliver natural resource management (NRM) actions and priorities. We then use this information to influence government and other investors to help shape policies and programs to build the resilience of the Catchment's natural resources and people.

### What do we do?

We work with landholders, community groups, agencies and Traditional Owners to deliver activities across the Catchment within the following broad program areas:

- Sustainable Irrigation Promote bestpractice irrigation activities through extension programs, whole farm planning, farm irrigation modernization, surface and sub-surface management and waterquality improvement activities.
- Waterways Carry out activities (eg fencing, revegetation, re-snagging) to improve river and wetland health (including after natural disasters).
- Floodplain management Build flood resilient communities by capturing and sharing flood knowledge to ensure future developments are not unduly exposed to flood hazard. Protect waterways through works on waterway permit.

 Biodiversity and Land Health – Carry out activities (eg fencing, revegetation, cultural surveys) to improve and protect habitat, threatened species and soil health (including after natural disasters).

#### Where to next?

The RCS recognises the Catchment is dynamic and affected by four key drivers of change:

- land-use changes
- water policy reform
- climate change
- increased farm production.

That's why we're taking action now to influence and drive policy and on-ground activities to continue to improve and protect the Catchment's land, water and biodiversity for the future.

Innovative programs under way or in the pipeline include:

 The Tri-State Murray NRM Regional Alliance – seven NRM agencies from Victoria, NSW and SA are developing projects to

- secure the Murray River corridor environment and grow the region's economy.
- Statewide climate change adaption priorities—identifies priority landscapes and NRM actions for climate change adaption and mitigation.
- Plan and manage environmental water deliveries to improve the health of the catchment's rivers and wetlands and the plants, animals and communities that rely on them.
- Continue to work with Traditional Owners to contribute to natural resource management planning.
- The roll-out of the Kilmore Environmental Offsets Project to provide environmental and community outcomes in this rapidly growing part of the catchment for about a fifth of the cost of more traditional waste -water treatment approaches.
- Continue to invest in Landcare and community and industry groups to deliver soil health and sustainable agriculture projects